

VOLYNSKIY, F.A.

VOLYNSKIY, F.A.

Cardiac nerve conduction paths. Arkh. anat., Moskva 19 no.1:27-38
Jan-Feb 52. (CML 21:5)

1. Professor. 2. Of the Department of Normal Anatomy (Head--Prof.
F.A. Volynskiy) of Odessa Medical Institute imeni N.I. Pirogov
(Director--Prof. I.Ya. Deynska).

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0

VOLYNSKIY, G. (Rostov-na-Donu); MINIBAYEV, A., bortmekhanik; BALBEKOV, V.

Readers' letters. Grazhd.av. 19 no.9:29 S '62. (MIRA 16:1)
(Aeronautics, Commercial)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

VOLYNSKIY, G.

VOLYNSKIY, G.; IVANNIKOV, I.

Progressive method of accounting. Grashd.av. 14 no.9:34-35 S '57.
(MIRA 10:10)

1. Glavnyy bukhgalter Severokavkasskogo territorial'nogo upravleniya
Grashdanskogo vozduzhnogo flota (for Volynskiy). 2. Glavnyy bukhgalter
ekspluatatsionnogo podrasdeleniya Severokavkasskogo territorial'nogo
upravleniya Grashdanskogo vozduzhnogo flota (for Ivannikov).
(Aeronautics, Commercial--Accounting)

84-58-2-23/46

AUTHOR: Volynskiy, G., Chief Accountant of the North Caucasian
Territorial Administration of the GVF (Rostov/Don)

TITLE: Tighten Control on Financial Returns (Usilit' kontrol'
za dokhodami)

PERIODICAL: Grazhdanskaya aviatsiya, 1958, Nr 2, p 28 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: In this letter to the Editor, the author contends that
the control over the receipts of airports from tickets
and other transportation is insufficient and permits
"systematic errors" in accounting, leakage and embezzle-
ment of funds. The author proposes, in view of increasing
transportation volume, to establish a body of inspectors
in the Main Administration of the GVF or in the Territo-
rial Administrations, for the purpose of periodic inspec-
tions and introduction of a proper system of airport
accounting.

AVAILABLE:
Card 1/1

Library of Congress
1. Air transportation - Operation

VOLYNSKIY, G.

84-9-35/47

AUTHORS: Volynskiy, G., Chief Bookkeeper of the North-Caucasian Territorial Administration; Ivannikov, I., Chief Bookkeeper of the Operational Unit

TITLE: A Progressive Method of Business Accounting (Progressivnyy metod bukhgalterskogo uchëta)

PERIODICAL: Grazhdanskaya Aviatsiya, 1957, Nr 9, pp. 34-35 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The article discusses the bookkeeping of various additional tasks performed by Civil Aviation, such as air chemical operations, or cargo transport, and recommends the method used by one of the units.

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

Card: 1/1

VOLYNSKIY, I.; KREYNDL', A.

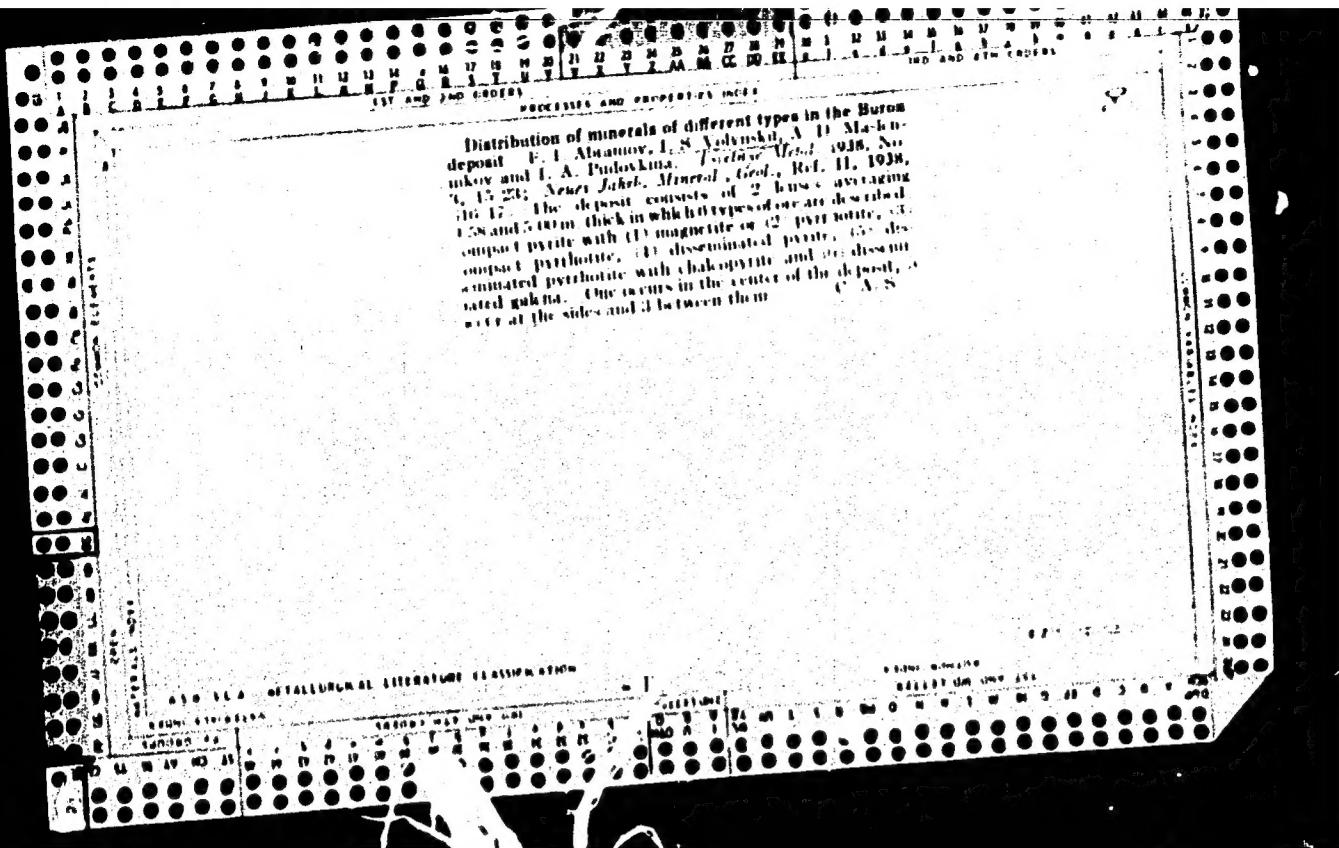
Improved design of a heavy-duty blast furnace. Prom. stroi.
1 inzh. soor. 4 no. 3:7-9 My-Je '62. (MIRA 15:7)

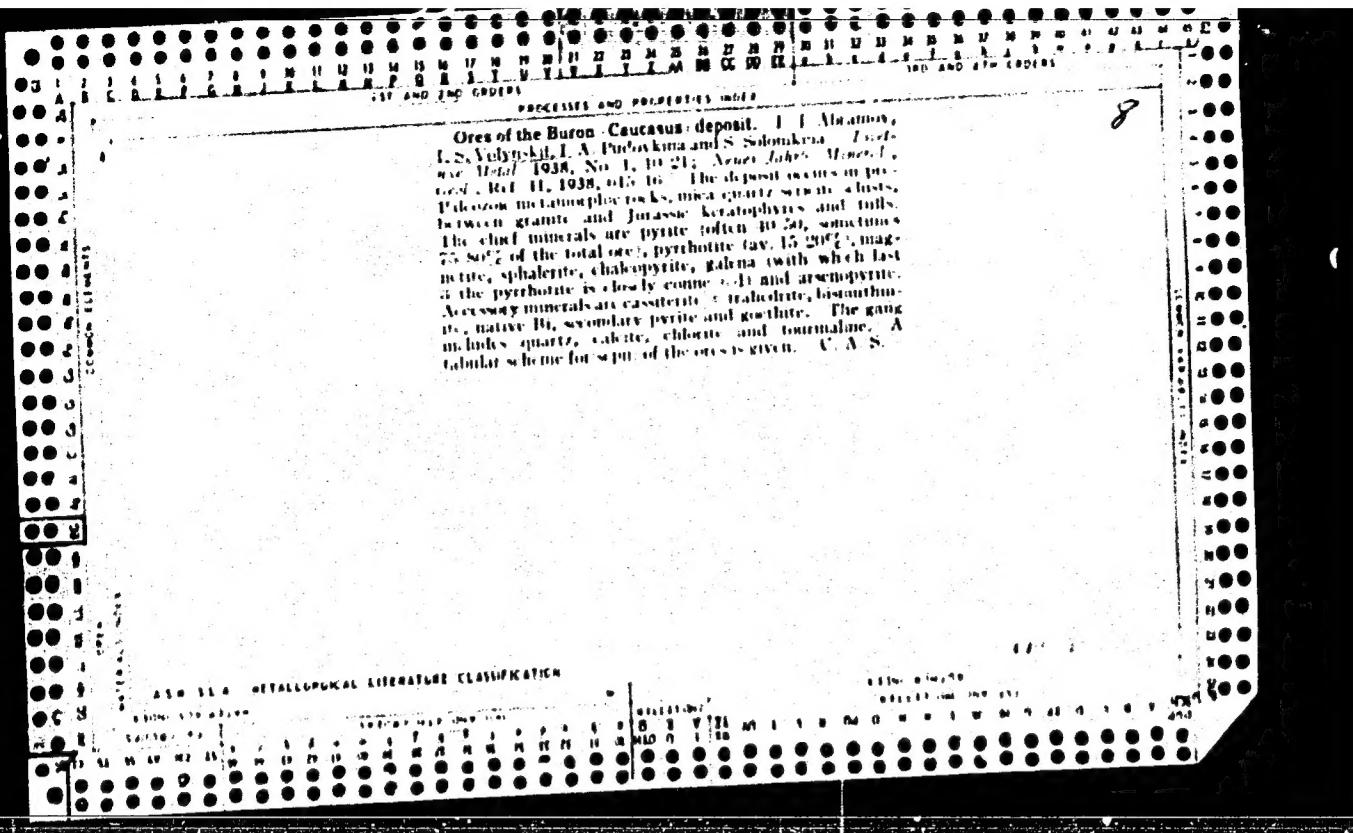
1. Glavnnyy inzhener proyekta Dnepropetrovskogo filiala
Gosudarstvennogo proyektного instituta po proyektirovaniyu,
issledovaniyu i ispytaniyu stal'nykh konstruktsiy i mostov
(for Volynskiy). . 2. Nachal'nik otdela spetskonstruktsiy
Dnepropetrovskogo filiala Gosudarstvennogo proyektного instituta
po proyektirovaniyu, issledovaniyu i ispytaniyu stal'nykh
konstruktsiy i mostov (for Kreyndel').
(Blast furnaces)

VOLYNSKIY, I.A.; FINKEL'SHTEYN, G.E.

Laboratory crusher for fibrous materials. Bum. prom. 37 no. 7:28
(MIRA 17:2)
J1'62.

1. Ukrainskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsellyuloznay
i bumazhnay promyshlennosti.





Mineralogy of the sulfide inclusions of the nickel deposits of Novoaldyryka. I. S. Volynashin. Mm. iur. naia mineral. 73, 193-215(1940); Chem. Zvez. 1947, II, 1090.—The ores of the Novoaldyryka deposits in the southern Urals are a friable, argillaceous material, which in places is enriched by various kinds of Ni silicates and sulfides. The latter are important in rendering the ore profitable to work. These Ni sulfide ores are found in contact with limestone within weathered tectonic breccias. The inclusions are composed essentially of the following minerals: marcasite 30, bravoite 30, pyrite 25, violarite 10, millerite 1.5, quartz 3, and an unknown sulfide 0.5%. The results of the chem. analysis and of microscopic analysis of thin sections are reported in tables. M. G. M.

CH

ADM-3A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

VOLYNSKIY 1.5

2

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二十一

卷之三

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

VOLYNSKIY I.S.

Category : USSR/Optics - Physical Optics

K-5

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 2, 1957, No 4910

Author : Volynskiy, I.S.

Title : On the Mutual Dependence of the Optical Properties of Ore Minerals

Orig Pub : Issledovaniye mineral'n. syr'ya. M., Gosgeoltekhnizdat, 1955, 30-45

Abstract : The author proposes a somewhat different classification of ore minerals (Opredeleniye rudnykh mineralov pod mikroskopom/Identification of Ore Minerals Under the Microscope/ Gosgeolizdat, Vols I, II, 1947; III, 1949) in accordance with their reflecting ability. The interrelation of the optical properties of minerals in reflected light, a factor of importance for the identification of minerals, is considered. The laws of the grouping of the minerals in the classification based on their color in reflected light are given, as is the influence of the immersion media on the equation for the interrelation between the coefficient of reflection R , the index of refraction n , and the coefficient of absorption K . A scheme for grouping the minerals in accordance with the categories of the identification properties in polished sections is given.

Card : 1/1

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

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VOLYNSKIV

J. Russ. Chem. Soc., 1885, 25, 220-231 (1886) 220-231

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

5(2)

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV/2128

Kreyter, V.M., V.V. Aristov, I.S. Volynskiy, A.N. Krestovnikov, and
V.V. Kuvichinskiy

Povedeniye zolota v zone okisleniya zoloto-sul'fidnykh mestorozhdeniy
(Behavior of Gold in the Oxidation Zone of Gold-Sulfide Deposits)
Moscow, Gosgeoltekhnizdat, 1958. 266 p. 3,000 copies printed.

Ed. of Publishing House: V.P. Skvortsov; Tech. Ed.: K.V. Krynochkina

PURPOSE: This book is intended for geologists, mineralogists, and
other scientists studying gold-bearing ores and gold deposits.

COVERAGE: The work attempts to create a practical basis for appraising
the importance of primary and secondary ore zones containing gold
deposits resulting from hypergenetic migration. Minerals containing
native gold in macroscopic, microscopic, and submicroscopic quan-
tities, as well as the regions in which these minerals occur, are
indicated. The authors cite references to studies made on the
genesis of hypogene and supergene gold. Gold solution and its re-
action in liquids having a different chemical composition are

Card 1/4

Behavior of Gold in the Oxidation Zone (Cont.)

SOV/2128

discussed, and findings from numerous experiments are analyzed. The Maykain and Dzhusaly deposits of Kazakhstan and the Blyava and Novyy Sibay deposits of the Southern Urals are analyzed geologically and mineralogically and the results presented in tables and graphs. Results of microscopic analysis of gold are also discussed and illustrated. This work has been completed under the direction of V.M. Kreyter who wrote Chapters I, V, and VI. Chapter III and the first and second parts of the Chapter II were written by V. V. Aristov. Chapter VII and the third part of the Chapter II were written by I.S. Volynskiy. V.V. Kuvichinskiy wrote the first part of Chapter IV. Numerous Soviet geologists and mineralogists are mentioned in the text. The authors thank P.S. Belov, former Chief Engineer of the Zolotorazvedga Trust, I.N. Plaksin, T.N. Shadlun, D.S. Kreyter, and G.G. Rusetskaya. The book contains numerous pictures, graphs and tables. There are 120 references: 78 Soviet, 27 English, 12 German, 3 French.

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AVAILABLE: Library of Congress

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8-31-59

Card 4/4

VOLYNSKIY, I.S., SEVRYUKOV, N.N.

Tin sulfides. Zhur. ob. khim. 25 no.13:2380-2388 D '55. (MLRA 9:3)

1. Moskovskiy institut tsvetnykh metallov i zolota imeni M.I.
Kalinina.
(Tin sulfides)

VOLYNSKIY, I.S.

Methods for measuring optical constants of ore minerals. Trudy
Inst. min., geokhim. i kristallokhim. red. elem. no. 3:195-226
'59. (MIRA 14:5)
(Minerals—Optical properties)

VOLYNSKIY, I.S.; LOGINOV, L.A.

Comparative quantitative characteristic of optical constants
of some "pink" sulfides. Trudy Inst. min., geokhim. i
kristallokhim. red. elem. no.6:72-85 '61. (MIRA 15:3)
(Sulfides—Optical properties)

DATA

1964

VOLYNSKII, I.S.; BEZSMERTNAYA, M.S., otv. red.; LOGINOV, L.A., otv.
red.; MISHINA, R.L., red. Izd-va; GRISHKINA, L.V., tekhn. red.

[Measuring the optical constants of ore minerals using an
OKF-1 photometric ocular] Izmerenie opticheskikh postoiann-
nykh rudnykh mineralov s pomoshch'iu fotometricheskogo oku-
liara OKF-1. Moskva, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1963. 86 p.
(MIRA 17:2)

L 11388-67 ENT(1)/ENT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JD
ACC NR: AP/000400

SOURCE CODE: UR/0386/66/004/009/0369/0372

AUTHOR: Makarov, V. I.; Volynskiy, I. Ya.

ORG: Physicotechnical Institute, Academy of Sciences UkrSSR, Khar'kov (Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut Akademii nauk UkrSSR)

TITLE: Effect of impurities on the topology of the Fermi surface of indium

SOURCE: Zhurnal eksperimental'noy i teoreticheskoy fiziki. Pis'ma v redaktsiyu. Prilozheniya, v. 4, no. 9, 1966, 369-372

TOPIC TAGS: indium, critical temperature, pressure effect, Fermi surface

ABSTRACT: The authors report the results of an investigation of the effect of Cd impurity on the behavior of the transition temeprature (T_c) of In under pressure, carrying out the measurements on In-Cd solid solutions with up to 4.5 at.% Cd. The method of producing the solid solutions is described. The investigated solutions were sufficiently homogeneous, as evidenced by the small difference between the widths of the superconducting transitions of the pure In (2×10^{-3} °K) and of the samples ($2 - 5 \times 10^{-3}$ °K). The plot of the superconducting transition under pressure was similar to that without pressure. The pressure was produced by an "ice" technique. The shift of the transition temperature T_c from the residual resistance without and with pressure was measured relative to T_c of a pure indium sample in one experiment. In the pressure interval 0 - 1730 kg/cm², a linear decrease of the superconducting-transition temperature was observed for both the In-Cd alloys and the pure In. The changes in

Card 1/2

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ACC NR: AP7000400

the topology of the Fermi surface of indium are deduced from the dependence of the pressure effect of the investigated alloys on the residual resistance. It is pointed out that a similar variation of the pressure dependence of the transition temperature with change in impurity concentration can be observed also for Al, which has an electronic structure similar to In. This follows from observation of the de Haas - van Alphen effect in Al with Zn impurity. The authors thank B. G. Lazarev, V. G. Bar'yakhtar, I. V. Svechkarev, and T. A. Ignat'yeva for useful discussions. Orig.
art. has: 2 figures.

4
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 27Jul66/ ORIG REF: 007/ OTH REF: 004

Card 2/2 egk

VOLYNSKIY, L.M., inzh.; KONOVALOV, I.I., inzh.

Operation of XU-80 waste-heat boilers. Trudy MTO chern. met. 20:298-
301 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Zavod "Azovstal'."
(Boilers) (Metallurgical plants)

KUVARSKIY, K.Ye., inzh.; GOLINKIN, S.L.; VOLYNSKIY, M.M.

Special features in the construction of a thrust bearing
with swaying mounts and experience in its operation.
Teploenergetika 11 no.5:57-62 My'64. (MIRA 17:5)

1. Glavnoye upravleniye po mekhanizatsii stroitel'stva
Gosudarstvennogo proizvodstvennogo komiteta po energetike i
elektrifikatsii SSSR.

VOLYNSKIY, M. S.

M. S. Volinskiy, "On the disintegration of liquid drops in an air stream"
(in Russian), Doklady Akad Nauk SSSR 62, 301-304 (1948)

Experimental investigation in which individual drops 2 to 39 mm in diameter were dropped into an air jet to investigate forces affecting disintegration of the drops. The parameter $D = pV^2d/\sigma$, where p is air density, V jet velocity, d diameter and σ capillary constant, was found to be significant for drop sizes involved. For $D < 10.7$ no disintegration occurred. For $10.7 < D < 14$ disintegration was partial, i.e., near lower limit a few drops split in half followed by further splitting. For $D > 14$ the drops split immediately into many drops. Drops of mercury, water, tetrabromochthane, kerosene, ethyl alcohol, and gasoline were used in the experiments. Reynolds numbers for the drops were between 1700 and 8500. A. M. Kucthe, USA

Trans! 2524467, 30 April 54

VOLYNSKIY, M. S.

USSR/Physics - Gas Dynamics
Aerodynamics

11 Sep 49

"Study of the Breaking Up of Drops in a Gas Stream,"
M. S. Volynskiy, 4 pp

"Dok Ak Nauk SSSR" Vol LXVIII, No 2

Previously had given the following criterion for breaking up: $\rho V_0^2 d / \sigma = D = \text{const}$; $D=1.0.7$ for conditions of bifurcation, and $D=1.4$ for conditions of atomizing. These experiments were conducted, in an air stream with density ρ_1 and speed V_0 , on drops 2-3.9 mm in diameter with a capillary const σ .

3/50r87

USSR/Physics - Gas Dynamics (Contd)

11 Sep 49

Conducted experiment herein with microdrops with diameters up to 273 microns and showed that previous criterion is a partial case of more general dependencies. Gives diagram of apparatus for obtaining very small drops and photograph of breaking up of 3 microdrop in an air stream. Submitted by Acad M. V. Keldysh 8 Jul 49.

3/50r87

29377

S/196/61/000/008/010/026
E194/E155

11.735

AUTHORS:

Volynskiy, M.S., and Chernoshchekov, L.I.

TITLE:

An investigation of the evaporation of drops of liquids in a flow of air

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Elektrotehnika i energetika, no.8, 1961, 2, abstract 8G26, (Sb. 3-e Vses. soveshchaniya po teorii goreniya (Third All-Union Conference on the Theory of Combustion), Vol.2, M., 1960, 9-18)

TEXT: The article describes experimental equipment in which the diameters of initial drops and of those which are partially evaporated by traversing a certain path in hot air are determined photographically. The tests were made with drops of alcohol and gasoline with initial diameters between 120 and 340 microns at speeds of 30 to 60 m/sec and with an air temperature of 600-750 °C. The maximum error in determination of the drop diameter from its distorted image is not greater than 10 microns. A procedure is given for calculating the evaporativity which is based on a formula obtained from simultaneous solution of the equations of heat and

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Card 1/2

29377

S/196/61/000/008/010/026
E194/E155

An investigation of the evaporation ...

mass exchange of the drops and the equation of motion of the drops, allowing for deformation in flight. The value of the resistance coefficient of moving drops was taken from the experimental data. The test results are presented graphically. The mean scatter of experimental points relative to the theoretical curve is $\pm 10 - 12\%$.

2 literature references.

[Abstractor's note: Complete translation.]

Card 2/2

S/124/61/000/008/021/042
A001/A101

11.74/0

AUTHOR: Volynskiy, M.S.

TITLE: Investigation of liquid atomization in a supersonic stream

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mekhanika, no. 8, 1961, 37, abstract 8B227 (v
sb. "3-ye Vses. soveshchaniye po teorii goreniya T.2", Moscow, 1960,
19 - 28)

TEXT: The author investigates atomization of fuel in a supersonic stream
(flame shape, estimate of drop size, etc.) and analyzes physical features of the
process. An installation with a supersonic stream (Mach's number was equal to
2.9 - 2.0) was used for conducting experiments. The shapes of atomization flame
and shock wave were studied, by means of a Teplo. s device. The initial section
of the flame boundary and trajectories of drop motion were determined with the aid
of an approximate system of similarity criteria. /B

V. Gusev

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

RAUSHENBAKH, Boris Viktorovich; BELYI, Sergey Andreyevich;
BESPALOV, Ivan Vanifat'yevich; BORODACHEV, Vadim Yakovlevich;
VOLYNSKIY, Mark Semenovich; PRUDNIKOV, Aleksandr Grigor'yevich;
KHITRIN, L.N., retsentent; SHEYNFAYN, L.I., red.

[Physical principles of the working process in combustion
chambers of ramjet engines] Fizicheskie osnovy rabochego pro-
tsessa v kamerakh sgoraniia vozдушно-reaktivnykh dvigatelei.
[By] B.V.Raushenbakh i dr. Moskva, Mashinostroenie, 1964. 525 p.
(MIRA 17:7)

1. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Khitrin).

VOLYNSKII, M.S. (Moskva)

Atomization of a liquid in a supersonic flow. Izv. AN SSSR
Otd. tekhn. nauk. Mekh. i mashinostr. no.2:20-27 Mr-Ap '63.
(MIRA 16:6)

(Jet propulsion)

L-10637-63EPA(b)/EPF(c)/ENT(1)/ENT(m)/BDS/ES(w)-2--AEDC/ANFTC/
APCC/ASD/ESD-3/SSD--Pd-4/Pr-4/Pab-4--W/RH

76

ACCESSION NR: AP3000878

S/0179/63/000/002/0020/0027

AUTHOR: Volyanskiy, M. S. (Moscow)TITLE: Atomization of a liquid in supersonic flowSOURCE: AN SSSR. Izv. Otd. tekh. nauk. Mekhanika i mashinostroyeniye, no. 2,
1963, 20-27

TOPIC TAGS: liquid atomization, supersonic flow, alcohol, water, air

ABSTRACT: The droplet diameter distribution and the contour of an atomized liquid jet formed by injection of a liquid through a cylindrical nozzle placed perpendicularly into a supersonic gas stream were studied theoretically and by means of injections of alcohol and water into air. The analysis was based on a model, developed from spark and Toepler photographs, which allows for processes in supersonic and subsonic regions. The following assumptions were made: heat transfer, evaporation, and dissociation do not affect the process of atomization; breakup of the liquid takes place rapidly; and the initial droplet diameter is unaffected by thermal effects. Equations for the motion of the largest droplet moving along a jet boundary were formulated and solved to yield an expression for the ordinate of the trajectory asymptote. By processing photographs of a

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ACCESSION NR: AP3000878

liquid jet an expression correlating the liquid and gas parameters with the nozzle diameter and the ordinate of the asymptote was derived. The droplet distribution was studied at $M = 1, 1.2, 1.8$, and 2.4 with a special mechanism using a surface covered with soot and magnesia. Alcohol or water was injected at the periphery or center of the supersonic nozzle outlet. Average and maximum droplet diameters were determined with injection nozzles 0.4 to 2 mm in diameter at a pressure drop of 5 to 40 atm across the injection nozzle. When droplets are passed through a shock wave their sizes decrease considerably. Thus the mean and maximum diameters of 7μ and 16μ were reduced to 4μ and 8μ when droplets were passed through the shock wave at $M = 1.8$ at a stagnation temperature of $275K$ and a stagnation pressure of 5.4 atm. Orig. ar. has: 4 figures, 1 table, and 23 formulas.

Card 2/B2

L 16477-65 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(f)/T-2 Pr-4 AEDC(b)/ASD(p)-3/APETR/APTC(a)/
ACCESSION NR AM4045080 BOOK EXPLOITATION AFTC(p) WE S/

Raushenbakh, Boris Viktorovich; Bely'y, Sergey Andreyevich; Bozakov, Ivan
Vanifat'yevich; Borodachev, Yudin Iakovlevich; Voly'nskiv, Mark Semonovich;
Prudnikov, Aleksandr Grigor'yevich

Physical principles of operation in air-jet engine combustion chambers
(Fizicheskiye osnovy' rabochego protsesa v kamerakh sgoraniya vozdushno-
reaktivnykh dvigateley), Moscow, Izd-vo "Mashinostroyeniya", 1964,
525 p., illus., biblio. Errata slip inserted. 4,000 copies printed.

TOPIC TAGS:jet engine, combustion chamber, fuel combustion

PURPOSE AND COVERAGE: This book presents the physical principles of fuel
combustion in air flows and methods of calculating combustion chambers of
air-jet engines; The thermodynamic and aerodynamic characteristics of com-
bustion chambers, vaporization and mixing of fuels, ignition and combustion
of gas mixtures in laminar and turbulent flows, combustion behind a body
with poor flow, and the processes of heat exchange and heat protection of
chambers are considered. The book is intended for researchers and engineers
specialized in aviation and other fields. It will also be useful to students
in higher technical educational institutions.

Card 1/2

L 16477-65
ACCESSION NR AM4045080

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SUB CODE: PR

SUBMITTED: 20Mar64

NR REF Sov: 112

OTHER: 079

Card 2/2

VOLYNSKII, N.E.

VOLYNSKII, N.E. ...o vtoroi piatiletke Turkmeneskoi SSR; pererabotannaia stenogramma dokladov na Plenumme TSKKP(B)T i Sr. az. EKOSO (mai-iium' 1932 g.). Moskva, Gosplan TSSR, 1932. 65 p.

DLC: HC487.T84V6

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part II, 1951, Unclassified

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.

USSR

An accelerated combustion method for the determination of sulfur in various petroleum products. N. P. Volynskiy. Zavodskaya Lab. 21, 533 (1955). — A simplified lamp for the determination of S in hydrocarbons can shorten the testing time by 7-20 min. The results obtained are reproducible and in good agreement with results obtained by other methods. V. M. Sternberg.

VOLYNSKIY, N. P.

A double-combustion method for the determination of sulfur in organic compounds. N. P. Volynskiy and I. K. Smidkova. Zavodskaya Lab. II, 143-147(6).—The double combustion method consists in leading the combustion products of the substance into a flame of some S-free adjuvents and returning it, absorbing the products in 0.05-0.1N Na₂CO₃ soln. (or: NaOH), and back-titrating with 0.05N HCl (and a mixed methyl orange-indigo-carmine indicator). The presence of nitro, amino, or amide groups does not affect the results. The method is rapid, simple, and accurate. It can be used in the analysis of org. compds. containing C, H, O, N, S, and in particular in all kinds of petroleum compds., except low-S gasolines. W. M. Stecberg

CH
⑧

PK
JL

300

VOLYNSKII, N. I.

2014. METHOD OF DOUBLE COMBUSTION FOR DETERMINATION OF SULPHUR IN PETROLEUM PRODUCTS. Volynskii, N. I., and Chudikova, L. N. (Trud Inst. Neftei Akad. Nauk SSSR) (Trans. Inst. Petrol., Acad. Sci. U.S.S.R.), 1956, vol. 8, 53-51; abstr. in Ref. Zb. Khim. (Ref. J. Chem. Abstr.), 1956, (21), 79050. The method of "double combustion" for the rapid and accurate determination of sulphur in petroleum products (petrols, kerosines, residual oils, tars, bitumens and the like, but not gasolines) consists in introducing the vapour and pyrolysis products of the sample into the flame of

a sulphur-free solvent, and subsequent absorption of the combustion products by an absorbent which quantitatively fixes the sulphur oxides. The apparatus consists of a burner for the flame, a lamp glass, an absorber and a quartz boat for carrying the sample. Results are consistent and agree with other methods. (Cf. Fuel Abstr., 1957, vol. 21, 2313).

fia 006

Volynskiy, N. P.

AUTHORS: Volynskiy, N. P., Gal'pern, G. D. and Chudakova, I. K.

TITLE: Quantitative Detection of Haloids in Organic Compounds by the Method of Double Combustion (Kolichestvennoye opredeleniye galoidov v organiceskikh soyedineniyakh metodom dvoynogo sozhzeniya)

PERIODICAL: Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1957, Vol. 23, No. 1 pp. 27-29 (U.S.S.R.)

ABSTRACT: In these experiments the method of double combustion was used to detect sulfur in organic compounds. By this method vapors of the substance to be analyzed and products of its pyrolysis are conducted into a flame produced by some suitable solvent. The products of the combustion are absorbed by a suitable device, which quantitatively binds the elements to be detected. This combustion produced hydrogen haloid or free haloid, and nitrogen as NO₂, NH₂, N(R₃), etc. Some description is given of the method of detecting chlorine and bromine. Sketches are presented of the equipment for quantitatively detecting haloids in organic substances by this method; besides quartz beakers, capillary tubes, burners, etc. The results of the detection of chlorine and bromine are given in tables. There is 1 Slavic reference.

Card 1/2

Quantitative Detection of Haloids in Organic Compounds
by the Method of Double Combustion

ASSOCIATION: Institut Nefti Akademii Nauk SSSR

PRESENTED BY:

SUBMITTED:

AVAILABLE:

Card 2/2

VOLYANSKI, N. P.

Chemical Abst.
Vol. 48 No. 5
Mar. 10, 1954
Organic Chemistry

Nitration of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthoic acid. S. I.
Sereivskaya and N. P. Volyanski. J. Gen. Chem. U.S.S.R.
22, 1480-01(1952)(Engl. translation).—See C.A. 47, 6388a.
J.L.I. II.

chem (2)

VOLINSKIY, N. P.

Chemical Abst.
Vol. 48 No. 5
Mar. 10, 1954
Organic Chemistry

The nitration of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthoic acid and
the transformations of nitro-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-naphthoic
acids. S. I. Sergievskaya and N. P. Volynskii. J. Gen.
Chem. U.S.S.R. 22, 1085-93 (1952) (Engl. translation).
See C.A. 47, 8033a.

chem ②

SERGIYEVSKAYA, S. I., VOLINSKY, N. I.

Naphthoic Acids.

as-Tetrahydronaphthoic and as-tetrahydrothionaphthoic acids and their derivatives.
Zhur. ob. khim. 22 no. 2, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1952, Uncl.

SEROTIEVSKAYA, S. I., VOLYNSKIY, N. F.

Naphthoic Acid.

Naphthoic acid from 2-iodo-naphthalene. Zhur. prikl. khim. 25, no. 8, 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 1952, Uncl.

SERGIEVSKAYA, S.I.; VOLYNSKIY, N.P.

2-Naphthoic acid from 2-iodonaphthalene. Zhur. Priklad. Khim. 25, 898-9
'52.
(CA 47 no.20:10514 '53)

(MLRA 5:8)

1. S.Ordzhonikidze All-Union Chem.-Pharm. Inst., Moscow.

VOLINSKIY, M.S.

In the park of health. Zdorov'e 6 no.5:24 My '60.

(MIRA 13:6)

(DRUSHKININKAI--EXERCISE THERAPY)

VOLYNSKII, N. E.

O vtoroi piatiletke Turkmenской ССР. [The second five-year plan for Turkmen SSR].
Papr. stenogramma dokladov na Plemenme TSKKP(b)T i Sr. az. EKOSO (mai-iyun' 1932).
Moskva, Izd. Gosplana TSSR, 1932. 65 p. incl. tables.
Chapter on transportation contains data on major forms of transportation and lists
the projected air-lines (p. 46-50).

DLC: HC487.T84V6

SO: Soviet Transportation and Communications, A Bibliography, Library of Congress,
Reference Department, Washington, 1952, Unclassified.

VOLYNSKIY, N. P.

USSR/Chemistry - Ethers, Vinyl
Sulfonation

Apr 49

"Sulfonating and Sulfo Acids of Acidophobic
Compounds: V, Sulfonating Vinyl Ethers,"
A. P. Terent'yev, N. P. Volynskiy, Lab of Org
Chem, Moscow State U, 2½ PP

"Zhur Obshch Khim" Vol XIII, No 4

During the activity of pyridine-sulfotrioxide on
simple ethers of vinyl alcohol, compounds of two
molecules of sulfur anhydride with double bonds
are produced. During the acid hydrolysis of the
barium salt of the derived-acid, sulfoacetic
aldehyde is formed. Submitted 10 Nov 47.

65/49737

VOLYNSKIY, N. P.

"As-Tetrahydro-1 and 2-Naphthoic Acids and Their Transformations." Thesis for Degree of
Cand. Chemical Sci. Sub 20 Oct 50, All-Union Sci Res Chemopharmaceutical Inst imeni Sergo
Ordzhonikidze

Summary 71, 4 Sep 52, Dissertations Presented for Degrees in Science and Engineering in
Moscow in 1950. From Yechernyaya Moskva, Jan-Dec 1950.

VOLYNSKIY, N. P.

USSR/Chemistry - Pharmaceuticals

Feb 52

"ac-Tetrahydronaphthoic and ac-Tetrahydrothionaphthoic Acids and Their Derivatives," S. I. Sergiyevskaya, N. P. Volynskiy, All-Union Sci Res Chem-Phar Inst imeni S. Ordzhonikidze, Moscow

"Zhur Obshch Khim" Vol XXII, No 2, pp 321-328

Prepd simplest derivs of ac-tetrahydronaphthoic acids (not described in the literature) and their alkylaminoalkyl esters. Found that mp of amide of ac- α -tetrahydronaphthoic acid is 168°, not 116°C as indicated in the literature. Prepd ac-tetrahydrothionaphthoic acids, their ethyl and alkylamino-alkyl esters.

209T30

Jun 52

Anti-tubercular Drugs

Synthetic Drugs Acid and
stry - Synthetic Dihydrophthalic Acid and
-1-Tetrahydrophthalocyanine, All-
-1-Tetrahydrophthalocyanine, N. P. Volynskiy,
Ordzhonikidze,

Obsch Knobell
Observe tetracyclic-^(1,2), nitration, 5-nitration of ac-1-dinitro-, 5,7-dinitro; in nitroso acids, formed; 1,5,7,8 mononitroso acids.

JUN 52

(contd)

~~218x26~~

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

SERGIEVSKAYA, S.I.; VOLYNSKIY, N.P.

Nitration of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-naphthoic acid. Zhur. Obshchey
Khim. 22, 1446-50 '52.
(MLRA 5:8)
(CA 47 no.13:6387 '53)

I. S. Ordzhonikidze All-Union Chem.Pharm. Inst., Moscow.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0

The double combustion method for the determination of
sulfur in petroleum products N. P. Vaynshteyn et al.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.

use of disk homogenizer for preparations of highly dispersed suspensions.
Trudy inst. nefti, 10:322-323 '57. (MIRA 11:4)
(Colloids) (Homogenization)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

VOLYNSKIY, N. P. and CHUDAKOVA, I. K.

"Determination of Sulfur Content in Heavy Petroleum Products by Double Combustion"

Composition and Properties of the High Molecular Weight Fraction of Petroleum; Collection of Papers, Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958. 370pp. (Inta nefti)
2nd Collection of papers publ. by AU Conference, Jan 56, Moscow.

This is a new method proposed for the double combustion for the determination of sulfur in all types of petroleum products, with the exception of gasoline and low-sulfur kerosene, and in individual organic compounds containing C, H, O, N, and S. This method is more exact than the bomb and VTI methods. There are 6 tables, 5 figures, and 5 references of which are 4 Soviet and 1 English.

KATSOBASHVILI, Ya.R.; VOLYNSKIY, N.P.

Destructive hydrogenation of Tuymary petroleum at elevated temperatures and space velocities, and systems of refining sulfur-bearing petroleums. Trudy Inst.nefti 13:213-223 '59. (MIRA 13:12)
(Petroleum--Refining)

5 (2)

AUTHOR:

Volynskiy, N. P.

SOV/79-29-7-2/83

TITLE:

The Formation of Pentathionates by the Action of Acids on
Thiosulphates in the Presence of Salts of Some Organic Bases
(Образование пентатионатов при действии кислот на тиосульфаты
в присутствии солей некоторых органических оснований)

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal obshchey khimii, 1959, Vol 29, Nr 7, pp 2114 - 2119
(USSR)

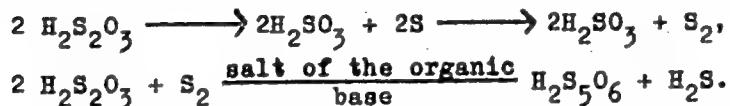
ABSTRACT:

The large number of theories (Refs 1-8) set up for the explanation of the reaction taking place in the acidification of thiosulphate solutions or in Wackenroder's liquid indicate that at present no satisfactory explanation of the formation of polythionic acids can be given in the cases hitherto described (Refs 1-8). The decomposition reaction of thiosulphuric acid was investigated in the presence of salts of diethyldecyl-, diethyldodecyl-, tributyl-, triisoamyl-, trihexyl-, triheptyl-, tri-n.-decyl-, octadecyl-, methyloctadecyl-, and diethyl- β -phenoxyethylamine as well as of the salts of quaternary ammonium bases. It was shown that in the presence of these salts the decomposition of thiosulphates with acids leads to the formation of pentathionates of the corresponding organic bases in

Card 1/2

The Formation of Pentathionates by the Action of Acids 507/79-29-7-2/83
on Thiosulphates in the Presence of Salts of Some
Organic Bases

almost quantitative yields. An explanation of the formation of pentathionic acid from thiosulphuric acid was suggested. In this case the molecule S_2 , which is formed in the partial decomposition of thiosulphuric acid in the presence of some organic bases, enters reaction with thiosulphuric acid:



8 hitherto unknown neutral pentathionates were obtained and characterized (Table). There are 1 table and 10 references, 2 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza Akademii nauk SSSR (Institute of Petroleum-Chemical Synthesis of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

SUBMITTED: April 26, 1958
Card 2/2

11.4000

75078
SOV/80-32-10-27/51

AUTHORS: Katsobashvili, Ya. R., Volynskiy, N. P.

TITLE: Destructive Hydrogenation of Tuymazinskiy Region Petroleum
Under Low Pressure

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, 1959, Vol 32, Nr 10, pp 2290-2292
(USSR)

ABSTRACT: Petroleum from Tuymazinskiy Region was hydrogenated over industrial aluminum/molybdenum catalyst #7360 (14% MoO₃) under 30 atm. pressure, at 500-540°. The investigated material had a specific gravity (d₄²⁰) 0.8470, sulfur content 1.34%, 300° fraction 46.7% by weight. The space velocity at 500-540° could be raised to 5 kg/liter without impairing the depth of hydrogenation and desulfurization. The yield of liquid products at the optimum space velocity was high (85 to 92% by weight) and so was the degree of conversion of high-molecular fractions; the yield of fraction boiling above 400° was only 3 to 5% by weight. Chemical

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Destructive Hydrogenation of Tuymazinskiy
Region Petroleum Under Low Pressure

75678
SOV/80-32-10-27/51

and physical constants as well as yields of fractions are
tabulated. There are 2 figures; 1 table; and 1 Soviet
reference.

ASSOCIATION: Petroleum Institute of the Academy of Sciences, USSR
(Institut nefti AN SSSR).

Card 2/2

CHUDAKOVA, I.K.; GAL'PERN, G.D., doktor khimicheskikh nauk; VOLYNSKIY,
N.P.

Micro- and semi-microdetermination of sulfur in organic compounds,
crude oils, and petroleum products. Metod.anal.org.socd.nefti,
ikh smes. i proizv. no.1:21-57 '60. (MIRA 14:8)
(Sulfur--Analysis) (Sulfur organic compounds)
(Petroleum products)

CHUDAKOVA, I.K.; GAL'PERN, G.D., doktor khimicheskikh nauk; VOLYNSKIY,
N.P.

Micro-and semi-microdetermination of chlorine, bromine, and
iodine and simultaneous determination of sulfur and halogen
(chlorine or bromine) from the same batch, in organic compounds
and their mixtures. Metod.anal.org.soced.nefti,ikh smes. i
proizv. no.1:107-131 '60. (MIFA 14:8)
(Halogen compounds) (Sulfur--Analysis)

53620

31745
S/204/61/001/004/002/005
E075/E185

AUTHORS: Volynskiy, N.P., Gal'pern, G.D., and Smolyaninov, V.V.

TITLE: Preparation of sulphides and sulfoxides by the action of thionyl chloride on mixed organomagnesium compounds

PERIODICAL: Neftekhimiya, v.1, no.4, 1961, 473-481

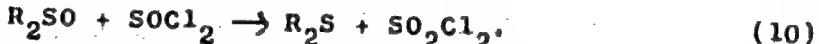
TEXT: A number of sulphides and sulfoxides were prepared in connection with investigations of sulphur compounds of middle fractions of petroleum. The action of thionyl chloride on organomagnesium compounds was studied as a method of preparation of sulphides and sulfoxides. The reactions with the following organomagnesium compounds were studied: isoamyl-, phenyl-, cyclohexyl-, and α -naphthylmagnesium bromide and, also, decylmagnesium chloride. In this way the sulphides were prepared bypassing the stage of mercaptan formation. More detailed study of the reaction with isoamyl- and phenylmagnesium bromide showed that increase in the ratio of moles of thionyl chloride and the magnesium bromide compound from 1:3 to 1:1 leads to an increase

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Preparation of sulphides and ...

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S/204/61/001/004/002/005
E075/E185

of yields of the sulphides and a decrease of yields of the corresponding sulphoxides. In the experiments in which the reagents were added in the reverse order (ethereal solution of isoamylmagnesium bromide added to ethereal solution of thionyl chloride) diisoamyl sulphide was obtained in place of sulphoxide. The formation of sulphoxide took place when there was no excess of thionyl chloride, or at low temperatures with efficient stirring of the reaction mixture. From the study of the reaction it is concluded that the synthesis of sulphides proceeds in three stages as follows:



It was shown that the organomagnesium compounds do not react with the sulphoxides not only under the conditions of the synthesis of the sulphides (0 to -10 °C), but also at room temperature.

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Preparation of sulphides and ... S/204/61/001/004/002/005
E075/E185

On the other hand it was shown that sulfoxides, in contrast to anhydrides of chlorosulphurous acids, can be converted very easily with thionyl chloride to sulphides, the speed of conversion of dicyclohexylsulphoxide considerably exceeding that of diphenylsulphoxide. Depending on the conditions of the conversion of thionyl chloride various quantities of chlorine containing products were formed, but were not studied in this work. By reacting thionyl chloride with a mixture of two organomagnesium compounds with different organic radicals a number of mixed sulphates were obtained: decylcyclohexyl-, phenyl- α -naphthyl- and cyclohexyl- α -naphthylsulphides. In addition didecylsulphide was obtained from decylchloride and dia-naphthylsulphoxide from α -bromonaphthalene. It was not possible to convert dia-naphthylsulphoxide into the corresponding sulphide by the reaction with thionyl chloride. Diisoamyl-, didecyl- and dicyclohexylsulphide were oxidized under standard conditions with hydrogen peroxide to the corresponding sulfoxides.

There are 1 table and 24 references; 8 Soviet-bloc and 16 non-Soviet-bloc. The four most recent English language references read as follows:

Card 3/4

X

Preparation of sulphides and ...

31745
S/204/61/001/004/002/005
E075/E185

- Ref.14: B.S. Wildi, T.W. Taylor, H.A. Potratz. J. Amer. Chem. Soc., v.73, 1965, 1951; C.A., v.46, 1482.
- Ref.16: F.G. Bordwell, B.M. Pitt. J. Amer. Chem. Soc., v.77, 5727, 1955. *X*
- Ref.19: W. Davey, E.D. Edwards. Wear, I, 291, 1957. C.A., v.52, 15040.
- Ref.21: M.S. Kharasch, A.F. Zavist. J. Amer. Chem. Soc., v.73, 964, 1951; C.A., v.45, 7950.

ASSOCIATION: Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR
(Institute of Petrochemical Synthesis, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: June 21, 1961

Card 4/4

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.; DRUZHININA, N.K.

Conversion of thiosulfuric acid to pentathionic acid in the
presence of diisoamyl B-alkoxyethyl ammonium ions. Zhur.
ob. khim. 35 no.3:469-471 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.; DRUZHININA, N.K.

Synthesis of diisooamyl-B-alkoxyethylamines. Zhur.org.khim. 1
no.3:489-491 Mr '65. (MIRA 18:4)

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.; GAL'PERN, G.D.; SMOLYANINOV, V.V.

Obtaining alkyl (aryl)-naphthyl sulfides by the action of thionyl chloride on mixed organo-magnesium compounds. Neftekhimi 4 no.3:370-373 My-Je '64. (MIRA 18:2)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR im. A.V. Topchiyeva.

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.

Preparation of nitrates of some sulfurium bases. Zhur. ob. khim. 35
no.1:167-169 Ja '65. (VIBA 12:2)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza imeni A.V. Topchiyeva
AN SSSR.

VOLYNSKIY, N. P.; GAL'PERN, G.D.; SMOLYANINOV, V.V.

Obtaining of sulfides and sulfoxides by the action of
thionyl chloride on mixed organomagnesium compounds. Nefte-
khimiia 1 no.4:473-481 Jl-Ag '61. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut neftekhimicheskogo sinteza AN SSSR.

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.; SMOLYANINOV, V.V.

Formation of tetra- and pentathionates in the reaction of acids with thiosulfates in the presence of some organic bases salts. Zhur. ob. khim. 33 no.5:1456-1461 My '63.
(MIRA 16:6)
(Pentathionic acid) (Tetrathionic acid)

VOLYNSKIY, N.P.; SMOLYANINOV, V.V.

Preparation of N-alkyl pyridinium, N-alkyl quinolinium, and
dimethylalkylphenyl ammonium chlorides. Zhur. ob. khim. 33
no. 5:1461-1462 My '63. (MIRA 16:6)

(Pyridinium compounds)
(Quinolinium compounds)
(Ammonium compounds)

BELETSKIY, Aleksandr Ivanovich [Bilets'kyi, O.I.], akademik;
VOLYNSKIY, Petr Konstantinovich [Volyns'kyi, P.K.],
prof.; PIL'GUK, Ivan Ivanovich [Pil'huk, I.I.], dots.;
MAKHLIN, N.B., red.; GORBUNOVA, N.M. [Horbunova, N.M.],
tekhn. red.

[Ukrainian literature] Ukrains'ka literatura; pidruchnyk
dlia 9 klasu serdn'oi shkoly. Za zahal'noiu red. O.I.
Bilets'koho. Vyd.15. Kyiv, Derzh.uchbovo-pedagog.vyd-vo
"Radians'ka shkola," 1962. 278 p. (MIRA 16:4)
(Ukrainian literature--History and criticism)

RYABINOV, M.G.; VOLYNSKIY, R.F.; KANTOR, V.B., inzh., retsenzent;
SERGEYEVA, A.I., inzh., red.

[Track division of communist labor; work practices of the
Tartu track division of the Baltic Railroad] Distantsiia
puti kommunisticheskogo truda; opyt raboty Tartuskoi dis-
tantsii puti Pribaltiiskoi dorogi. Moskva, "Transport,"
1964. 60 p. (MIRA 17:4)

RYABINOV, M. R. (Leningrad); VOLYNSKIY, R. F., inzh. (Leningrad)

Mechanized laying of switches on a reinforced concrete founda-
tion. Put' i put. khoz. 6 no.10:29-31 '62.
(MIRA 15:10)

(Railroads—Switches)
(Railroads—Tracklaying machinery)

RYABINOV, M.G.; TATIYEVSKIY, V.M.; VOLYNSKIY, R.F.

In the Termez Division. Put' i put. khoz. 8 no.6:6-7 '64. (MIRA 17:2)

1. Termezskaya distantsiya puti Sredneaziatskoy dorogi.

MEDVEDSKIY, N.I.; SALOMASOV, S.S.; VOLYNSKIY, R.S., inzh., retsenzent;
ZHURAVSKIY, N.A., red. izd-va; VORONETSKAYA, L.V., tekhn.
red.

[Erection of outdoor power lines and distribution networks]
Prokladka naruzhnykh elektrosetei i linii. Leningrad, Gos.
izd-vo lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1961.
185 p. (MIRA 15:3)

(Electric lines--Overhead)
(Electric lines--Underground)

BELYAKOV, F.Ye.; BABIN, B.N.; BAL', V.; BOROVKOV, P.N.; VOYEVODIN, I.N.;
GUREVICH, G.M.; GORBUNOVA, P.I.; KONNOV, A.S.; KALANTAROVA, M.V.;
KASHIRSKIY, A.Ya.; KAZANCHEYEV, Ye.N.; LEKSUTKIN, A.P.; LETI-
CHEVSKIY, N.A.; LOPATIN, S.Z.; MIRSKIY, V.N.; PODSEVALOV, V.N.;
SURBOTINA, V.P.; TANASIYCHUK, N.P.; FEDOTOV, S.D.; PISENKO, K.N.;
EL'KIND, I.G.; BOVIN, S.S.; VASIL'YEV, L.T.; DRINKOV, V.D.; DALE-
CHIN, N.I.; DADAGOV, I.A.; YERMOSHINA, V.I.; ZHUKOV, I.V.; ZIMIN,
D.A.; IVANNIKOV, A.Ya.; KOVALEV, M.K.; LUGAKOVSKIY, N.L.; NALEVSKIY,
A.P.; SEREZHNICKOV, V.K.; SEMIGLASOV, M.D.; SOKOLOV, A.V.; STEPANOV,
V.I.; SAKHARIN, G.S.; SAVENKO, P.A.; SOLODOV, V.P.; UMEROV, Sh.Kh.;
CHIKINDAS, G.S.; SHCHERBUKHINA, S.N.; DYNKIN, G.Z.; LYSOV, V.S.;
OSHEROVICH, A.N.; ROKITSINSKIY, E.V.; BRASLAVSKIY, M.S.; RUDENKO,
I.A.; ZHUKOBORSKIY, M.S.; ZHDANOV, I.Ye.; SUSLIN, V.A.; BRUS, A.Ye.;
VOLYNSKIY, S.A.; KLYUYEV, V.A.; ISTRATOV, A.G.; TIKHOMIROV, I.F.;
BUTYGIN, Ya.H.; VOLYNSKIY, S.A.; MIHEYEV, M.F.; MAL'TSEV, V.I.;
VIDETSKIY, A.F., kand.tekhn.nauk, glavnnyy red.; DEMIDOV, A.N., red.;
KRAVETS, A.L., red.; KLIMOVA, Z.I., tekhn.red.

[Industrial Astrakhan] Promyshlennia Astrakhan'. Astrakhan',
Izd-vo gazety "Volga," 1959. 318 p. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Astrakhan (Province) Ekonomicheskiy administrativnyy rayon.
(Astrakhan Province--Economic conditions)

VOLYNSKIY, S. A., SHOHERO, A. I.

Condensers (Electricity)

Circuit scheme of static condensers "capacity cascades" for increasing $\cos\phi$ in electrical installations. Prom. energ. 9, No. 4, 1952.

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, June 1952. UNCLASSIFIED

VOLYNSKIY, S.P. (Kiyev)

The Kiev-Pechersk Monastery. Nauka i zhizn' 23 no.5:43-44 '56.
(MLRA 9:8)
(Kiev--Monasteries)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0

VOLYNSKII, S.G.

VOLYNSKII, S.G. ...Osnovnye voprosy stroitel'stva Turkmeneskoi SSR. (Besedy o Turkmenistane). Ashkhabad, Turkmen gosizdat, 1928. 86 p.

DLC: Unclass.

SO: LC, Soviet Geography, Part II, 1951, Unclassified

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001860730006-0"

VOLYNSKIY, S.L., inzh.; GORYUNOV, P.I., inzh.

Check of the DFZ-2 protection system on operating lines with a
small load. Elek. sta. 33 no.5:91 My '62. (MIRA 15:7)
(Electric power distribution)
(Electric protection)

KOREN', G.G., inzh.; VOLYNSKIY, S.L., inzh.; GORYUNOV, P.I., inzh.

Faulty operation of a call-signaling system in DFZ-2 differential-phase high-frequency protection apparatus. Elek. sta. 33 no.8:
82-83 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Electric power distribution) (Electric protection)

VOLINSKY, S.L., inzh.; GORYUNOV, P.I., inzh.; ZELLER, Yu.G., inzh.;
Kheyfets, S.I., inzh.

Redesigning the N-11 automatic oscillograph. Elek.sta. 29
no.11:85-86 N '58. (MIRA 11:12)
(Oscillograph)

VOLYNSKIY, S. M.

20115 VOLYNSKIY, S. M. O' Zhelchnokamennoy neprokhodimosti dvenadtsaliperstnay
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